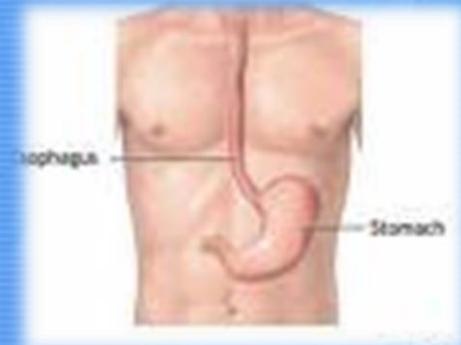
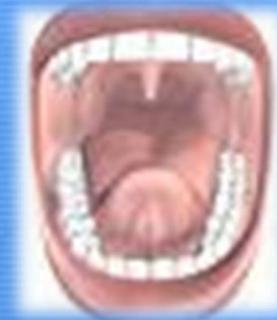
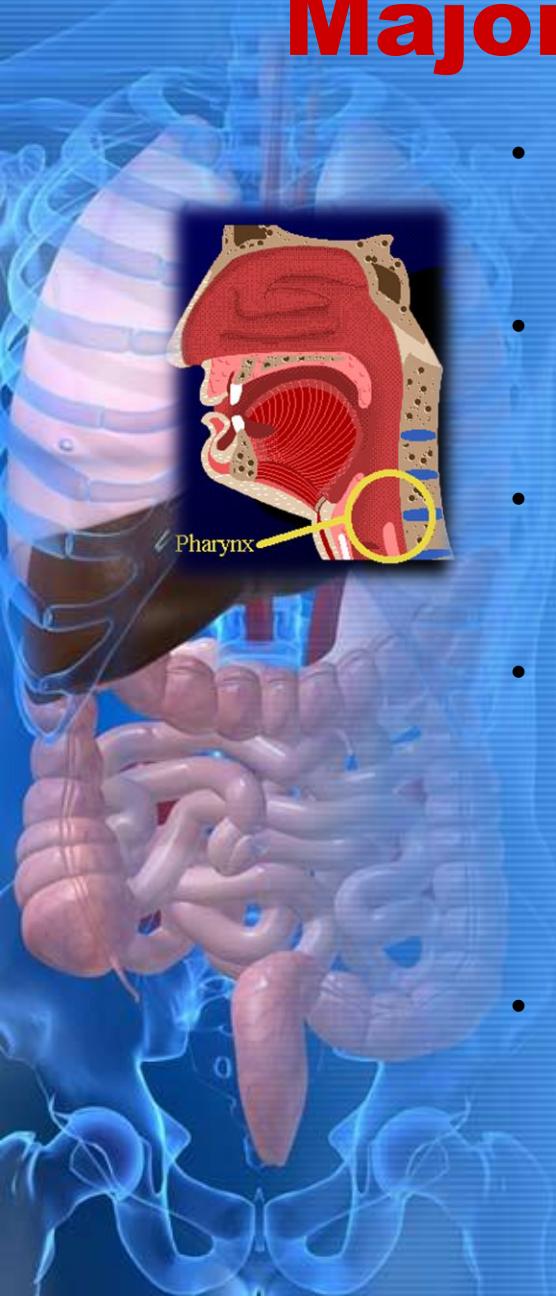




# The Digestive System

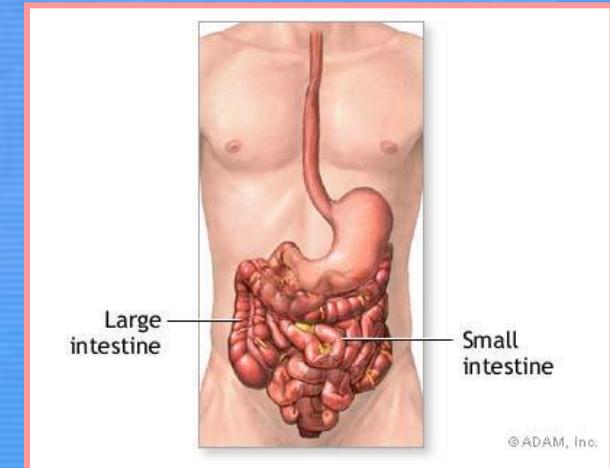
# Major Structures

- Oral Cavity
  - **or/o and stomat/o** = mouth
- **uvul/o** = uvula
  - soft mass that hangs in back of mouth
- **pharynx or pharyng/o**
  - throat
- **esophagus**
  - **esophag/o** = esophagus
  - **-us** = noun ending (like **-um**)
  - transports food from pharynx to stomach
- **stomach**
  - **gastr/o**
  - **breaks food down and mixes with digestive juices**



# Major Structures

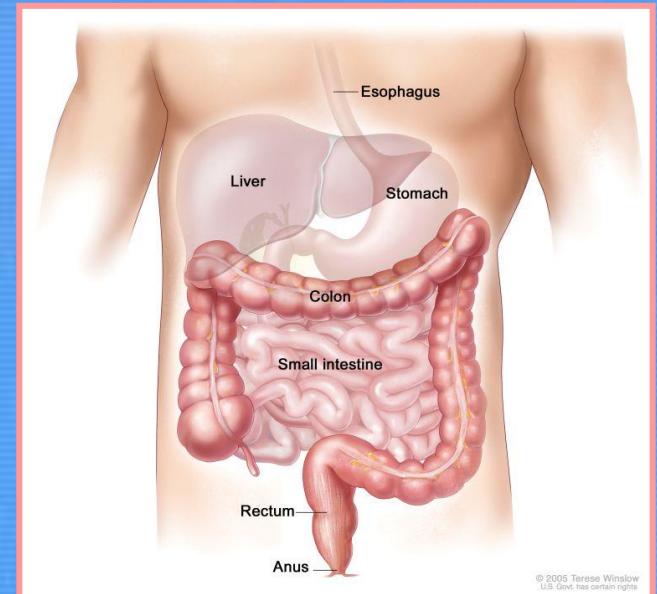
- Small Intestine
  - *enter/o*
  - completes digestion and absorption of most nutrients
  - **ileum = part of small intestine**
  - **ilium = the hip bone**
- Large Intestine/Colon
  - *col/o* or *colon/o*
  - absorbs excess water and prepares solid waste



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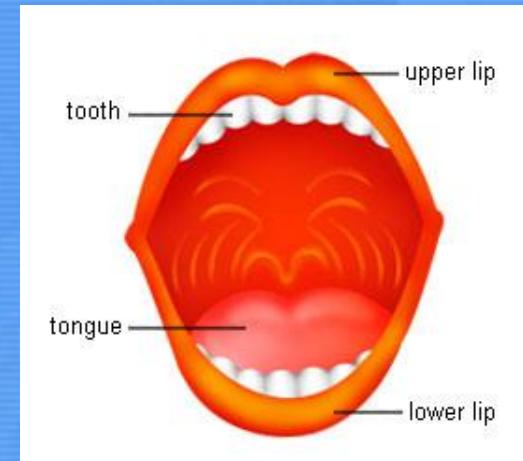
# Major Structures

- Rectum
  - proct/o and rect/o
  - controls secretion of solid waste
- Anus
  - an/o
- Liver
  - hepat/o
- Gallbladder
  - cholecyst/o
  - stores bile for later use
- abdomen
  - lapar/o & abdomin/o
- peritoneum
  - periton/o
  - membrane that lines the abdominal cavity



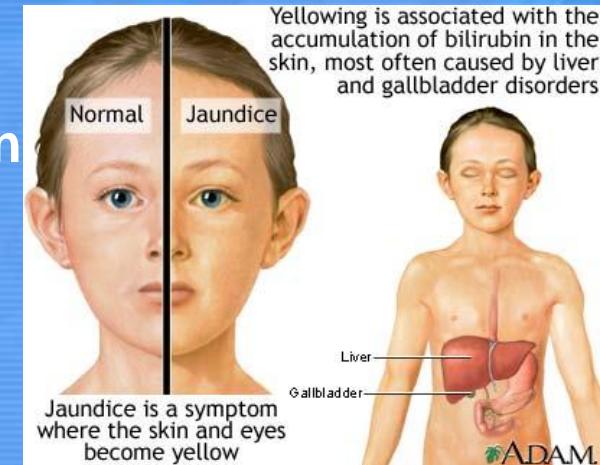
# Oral Cavity

- **cheil/o** = lips
  - -itis
  - -rrhaphy
  - -oma
- **gloss/o** = tongue
- **lingu/o** = tongue
  - -pathy
  - -dynia



# Digestion

- digestion
  - -pepsia & pept/o
  - dyspepsia = painful digestion (indigestion)
- Pyrosis “heartburn”
  - pyr/o = fever, fire
  - -osis = abnormal condition
- water
  - H<sub>2</sub>O
- jaundice
  - Yellow discoloration of the skin
  - Caused by elevated bilirubin levels; liver not functioning properly



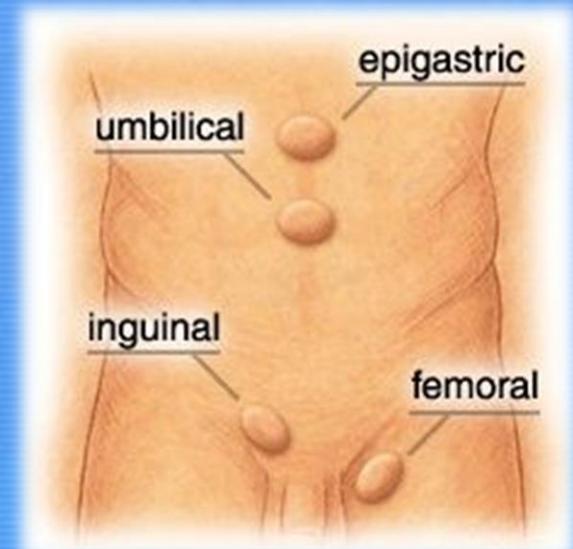
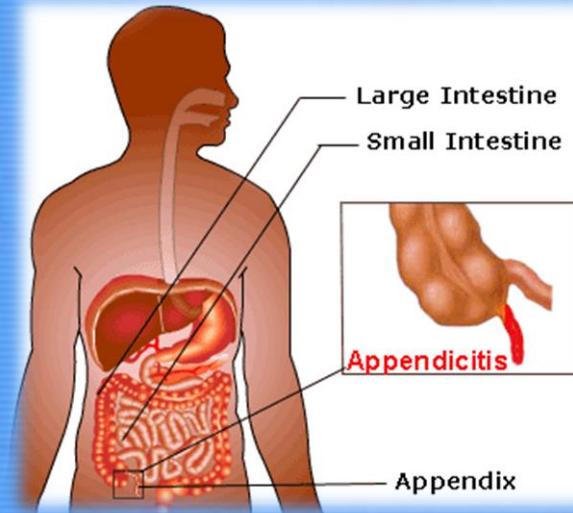
# Pathology

- **gingivitis**
  - **inflammation of the gums**
  - **gingiv/o** = gums
- **aphagia**
  - **a-** = without, no, away from
  - **-phagia** = swallowing
  - **“the loss of the ability to swallow”**



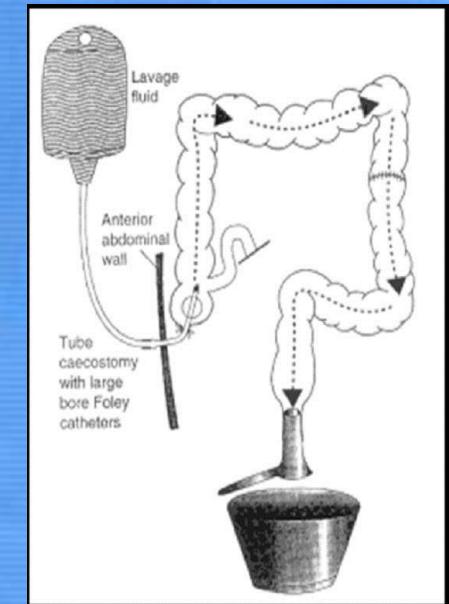
# Pathology

- **append/o**
- **appendic/o**
  - **appendix**
- **herni/o**
  - **hernia**
  - **protrusion through the a bodywall**



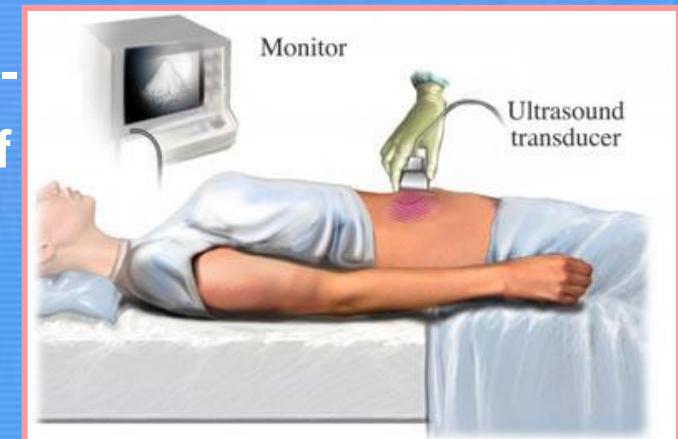
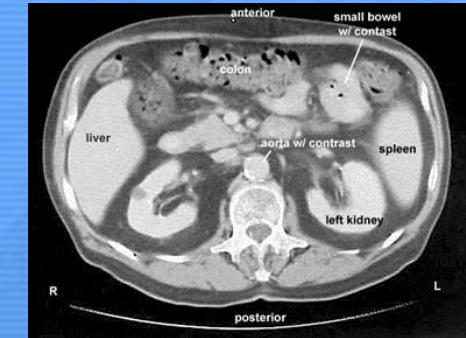
# Pathology (continued...)

- **lavage**
  - to wash out (a body cavity)
- **regurgitate**
  - the return of swallowed food into the mouth
- **emesis or -emesis**
  - vomiting
  - expelling the contents of the stomach
- **dysentery**
  - an infection of the digestive system
  - causes severe diarrhea, bleeding, and abdominal pain



# Diagnostic Procedures

- CT or CAT
  - Computed (Axial) Tomography
- Abdominal Ultrasound
  - High frequency sound waves used to visualize internal organs
- Anoscopy (ah-NOS-koh-
  - visual examination of



# Diagnostic Procedures

- Barium Swallow (Upper GI Series)
  - Use of barium to see upper portion of digestive system
  - GI = gastrointestinal
- Enema
  - Solution placed in rectum and colon to empty the contents via a bowel movement
- Barium Enema (Lower GI Series)
  - Use of barium to view lower digestive system



# Treatment Procedures

- **anoplasty**
  - surgical repair of the anus
- **colectomy**
  - surgical removal of all or part of colon
- **colotomy**
  - surgical incision into the colon
- **colonoscopy**
  - visual examination of the colon
- **colostomy**
  - creating an artificial opening to the colon

